

Date of Issue: September 21 (Supersedes November 17)

1335 Part B

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

Product Name:	1335 Part B.
Product Use:	Clear epoxy floor sealer and binder when mixed with 1335 Part A.
Pack Size:	4.33 litres.

Company: Real World Epoxies Pty. Ltd. Address: 52 Burchill Street Loganholme QLD 4129

Emergency Phone: 0408 877 256

Section 2: Hazards Identification

GUS Classification:

Category 4.
Category 2.
Category 1.
Category 1.
Category 3.
Category 2.

GHS Label:



Signal Word: Danger

Precautionary Statements:

Hazard:

H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prevention:

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 - Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 - Avoid release into the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Response:

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P321 - Specific treatment (see supplement first aid instructions on this label).

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Disposal:

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local and federal regulations.

General:

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.

Other:

Components of the product may affect the nervous system. Mild skin irritant. Risk of serious damage to eyes. Harmful if swallowed.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

INGREDIENT	CAS NUMBER	PROPORTION %
Methyleneoxide, polymer with	135108-88-2	30-60
benzenamine, hydrogenated		
The remaining products are trade secrets		to 100

Section 4: First-aid measures

General Advice:	Seek medical advice. If breathing has stopped or is laboured give assisted respirations. Supplemental oxygen may be indicated. If the heart has stopped begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation immediately.
Ingestion:	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Immediately wash out mouth with water. In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are ingested, however, seek medical attention.
Inhalation:	Remove the source of contamination or move the victim to fresh air. Ensure airways are clear and have qualified person give oxygen through a face mask if breathing is difficult. If symptoms develop and persist seek medical attention.
Skin Contact:	Remove material from skin immediately by washing with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes while washing. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. Wash clothing before reuse. Discard items which cannot be decontaminated, including leather articles such as shoes, belts and watchbands.
Eye Contact:	If contact with the eye(s) occurs, wash with copious amounts of water holding eyelid(s) open remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the non-affected eye. If symptoms persist seek medical attention, preferably an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facilities should be available in the work area.
Advice to Doctor: Other:	

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Equipment:	Use water spray, foam or dry chemical to fight fire.
Hazards Arising from Chemical:	Incomplete combustion may form carbon monoxide. May generate ammonia gas. May generate toxic
	nitrogen oxide gases. Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes. Downwind personnel must be evacuated.
Protective Equipment for Firefighters:	Full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus required.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions:Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. Ensure adequate ventilation.Environmental Precautions:Do not allow to enter sewers or drainage. Construct a dike with absorbent, liquid-binding material to prevent
spreading.Methods for Clean Up:Scrape up and place in suitable container for disposal. Wash area with solvent. Dispose of material as contaminated
waste in accordance with local and federal regulations.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Handling: Do not use sodium nitrite or other nitrosating agents in formulations containing this product. Suspected cancer-causing nitrosamines could be formed. General good practice required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with the skin. Avoid contact with the eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Storage: Store in a cool, dry location away from direct heat. Keep lids sealed tightly. Store away from acids, alkalis and oxidising agents.

Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Exposure Standards: No exposure standards have been established for this material by the Australian National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC) or the Occupational Safety and Health Service (OHS) of the New Zealand Department of Labour.
Engineering Controls: Mechanical local exhaust at point of contaminant release if conditions warrant.
Where ventilation is inadequate the use of an Air Purifying Respirator with a replaceable organic vapour filter complying with AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716 is recommended. Safety glasses with side shields, goggles or full-face shield as appropriate recommended. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337. Wear gloves of impervious material such as impervious PVC or rubber gloves. Reference should be made to AS/ NZS 2161.1. Suitable work wear should be worn to protect personal clothing. Industrial clothing should conform to the

specifications detailed in AS/NZS 2919.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

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	Appearance:	Amber, l	ow-viscosity liquid.			
	Packaging:		astic drum with screw top lid.			
	Odour:		nmoniacal odour.	Odour Threshold:	Not determined.	
	pH:	Alkaline.		Melting/Freezing Point:	Not determined.	
	Initial Boiling Point:	Not dete		Boiling Point Range:	>220°C.	
	Flashpoint:	>100°C.		Evaporation Rate:	Not determined.	
	Flammability:	Not appl	licable	Flammability Limits:	Not applicable.	
	Vapour Pressure:		Hg @ 21°C.	Vapour Density:	Not determined. Not determined.	
	Relative Density:	1.05kg/L		Solubility in Water:		
	Partition Co-efficient:	Not dete		Auto ignition Temp:	Not applicable.	
	Decomposition Temp.:	Not dete		Viscosity:	Not determined.	
	2 decemptosition rempti			(locoolty)		
	Section 10: Stability and read	<u>ctivity</u>				
	Chemical Stability:		The product is stable under normal of	conditions.		
	Conditions to Avoid:		Mixing large volumes of Part A and P	art B - expect a significant ex	xotherm within 20-25 minutes at 25°C.	
	Incompatible Materials:		Amines.			
	·		Incompatible with bases.			
			Reducing agents.			
			Reactive metals (e.g. sodium, calcium	n, zinc etc.).		
			Materials reactive with hydroxyl com			
					nt carcinogens, may be formed when the	
			product comes in contact with nitrou	is acid, nitrites or atmospher	res with high nitrous oxide concentrations.	
			Nitrous acid and other nitrosating ag	ents.	5	
			Organic acids (i.e. acetic acid, citric ac			
			Mineral acids.			
			Sodium hypochlorite.			
			Product slowly corrodes copper, alur	ninum, zinc and galvanized s	surfaces.	
			Reaction with peroxides may result in	n violent decomposition of p	eroxide possibly creating an explosion.	
			Oxidizing agents.			
	Hazardous Decomposition	Products:	Nitric acid.			
			Ammonia			
			Nitrogen oxides (NOx).			
			Nitrogen oxide can react with water vapors to form corrosive nitric acid.			
			Carbon monoxide.			
			Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).			
			Aldehydes			
			Flammable hydrocarbon fragments.			
			Nitrosamine.			
			Organic acid vapors.			
	Section 11: Toxicological info	rmation				
	Likely Routes of Exposure:		Effects on Eye - Causes eye burns.			
	Likely Roules of Exposule.			the skin may cause central	nervous system effects,such as headache,	
			nausea dizziness confusion breathi	ng difficulties Mild skin irrit:	ation. Symptoms of overexposure may be	
			headache, dizziness, tiredness, nause		ation. Symptoms of overexposure may be	
					ch as headache, nausea, dizziness, confusion,	
			breathing difficulties. Severe cases of			
			Ingestion Effects - Harmful if swallow			
			Symptoms - No data available.	eu.		
	Acute Toxicity:		Oral - Rat LD50 >1,200mg/kg.			
	Acute TOAIcity.		Dermal - No applicable toxicity data.			
			Inhalation - No applicable toxicity data.			
			Other Routes - No applicable toxicity			
	Skip Corrector/Irritation:			uala.		
Skin Corrosion/Irritation:			Mild irritant to the skin of a rabbit.			
	Eye Damage/Irritation:	ation:	Risk of serious damage to eyes. May cause sensitisation of susceptible persons by skin contact.			
	Respiratory or Skin Sensitisa	auon.		ie persons by skin contact.		
	Carcinogenicity:		No applicable toxicity data.			
	Reproductive Toxicity:		No applicable toxicity data.			
	Germ Cell Mutagenicity:		No applicable toxicity data.			
	STOT-single Exposure:		Eyes, central nervous system. Nice des des des distances in a set des set des sets for a set des set des sets des des des des des des des des			
	STOT-repeated Exposure:		Mixed polycycloaliphatic amines was tested in rats for systemic effects in a subchronic (28-day) oral study at			
			doses ranging from 15 to 300mg/kg/day. Effects seen at 300mg/kg/day included decreased survival, decreased body weight gain, increased liver, kidney,and adrenal weights and histological changes in the liver,			
					evel (NOAEL) was 15mg/kg/day. Rats exposed	
					NS depression and histopathological changes	
				scles. The No Observed Adve	erse Effect Level (NOAEL) was 400mg/kg.	
	Aspiration Hazard:		No applicable toxicity data.			

No applicable toxicity data.

Aspiration Hazard:

Section 12: Ecological information

Toxicity: Persistence and Degradability: Bioaccumulative Potential: Mobility in Soil: Other Adverse Effects: No data is available on the product itself. No data is available on the product itself. Low bio-accumulation potential. No data is available on the product itself. None known.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal Methods:

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Residual Part B can be mixed with Part A to harden before disposal. Use industrial disposal. Comply with local, state and federal laws and regulations.

Section 14: Transport information

ADG

Not classified as a dangerous good.

IATA

Not classified as a dangerous good.

IMDG Not classified as a dangerous good.

Section 15: Regulatory information

Not classified as hazardous according to regulatory criteria.

Section 16: Other relevant information

Technical Services Information Officer: 0408 877 256

DISCLAIMER: To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, Real World Epoxies Pty Ltd. assumes no liability for the accuracy and completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of this material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.